

Session Types for Orchestrated Interactions

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Overview

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- ▶ Retractable/speculative contracts

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- ▶ Orchestrated Compliance and Session Types

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References

- ▶ Barbanera and de' Liguoro: *Sub-behaviour relations for session-based client/server systems* (with higher-order)
- ▶ Bernardi and Hennessy: *Modelling session types using contracts*

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The *client* ρ is **compliant** with the *server* σ , $\rho \dashv \sigma$, if

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Examples (without trailing $\mathbf{1}$'s):

- $\mathbf{1} \dashv \sigma$
- $\bar{a} \dashv a.b$ but $\bar{a}.\bar{b} \not\vdash a$
- $\bar{a} \dashv a + b$ and $a + b \dashv \bar{a}$ but $\bar{a} \oplus \bar{b} \not\vdash a$ and $a \not\vdash \bar{a} \oplus \bar{b}$
- $\text{rec } x. \bar{a}.x \oplus \bar{b} \dashv \text{rec } x. a.x + b$ but $\text{rec } x. \bar{a}.x \oplus \bar{b} \not\vdash \text{rec } x. a.x$

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Particular internal choices (the retractable ones) can be "tested" for compliance. Backtrack in case of failure.
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Using *contracts as games on event structures* [Bartoletti et al. 2016]:

Theorem (Coordination 2016)

retractable compliance = orchestrated compliance

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Standard:

- ▶ $?[T].S$ ($![T].S$) Input(Output) type (also HO)
- ▶ $\oplus\{l_1:S_1, \dots, l_n:S_n\}$ Selection type
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- ▶ $k \triangleleft [l_i:P_i]_{i \in I}$ Speculative selection

Example

Let $Buyer = request_{BuyerType}(k)P$

$$BuyerType = \oplus \{ \textit{belt} : ?[Int]. \oplus \{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{card} : PAYcard, \\ \textit{cash} : PAYcash, \\ \textit{no} : \mathbf{1} \end{array} \} \\ \textit{bag} : ?[Int]. \oplus \{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{card} : PAYcard, \\ \textit{cash} : PAYcash, \\ \textit{no} : \mathbf{1} \end{array} \} \}$$

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Equivalent session-contract semantics

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\dashv for session types inspired by
retractable(orchestrated) compliance for session contracts.

Definition (Orchestrated compliance)

The relation $f : S \dashv S'$ among the orchestrator f and session types S, S' is the least one such that:

1. $\mathbf{1} : \mathbf{1} \dashv S$, for any S ,
2. if $f : S \dashv S'$ then $\bullet.f : ?[G].S \dashv ![G].S'$ and $\bullet.f : ![T].S \dashv ?[T].S'$
3. if $f_i : S_i \dashv S'_i$ for all $i \in I$ then, $\sum_{i \in I} l_i.f_i : \oplus\{l_i:S_i\}_{i \in I} \dashv \&\{l_j:S'_j\}_{j \in I \cup J}$
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► ASYMMETRIC (client-biased)

$$\text{SellerType}' = \&\{ \text{shoes} : \dots, \text{belt} : \dots, \text{bag} : ![\text{Int}].\&\{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \\ \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \\ \text{no} : ![\text{coupon}] \} \}$$

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► SYMMETRY obtainable by a simple restriction.

Processes operational semantics

$$Buyer = request_{BuyerType}(k)P \quad Seller = accept_{SellerType}(k)Q$$

$$Buyer \mid Seller \rightarrow (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle f \mid P \mid Q)$$

All the interactions on k are now *mediated* by f .

Processes operational semantics

$$\text{Buyer} = \text{request}_{\text{BuyerType}}(k)P \quad \text{Seller} = \text{accept}_{\text{SellerType}}(k)Q$$

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\boxplus -& REDUCTION

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \oplus_{h \in H} l_h.f_h \mid k^P \triangleleft [l_j : P_j]_{j \in J} \mid k^{\bar{P}} \triangleright \{l_i : Q_i\}_{i \in I})$$

Processes operational semantics

$$\text{Buyer} = \text{request}_{\text{BuyerType}}(k)P \quad \text{Seller} = \text{accept}_{\text{SellerType}}(k)Q$$

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↓

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle f_c \mid P_c \mid Q_c)$$

if $c \in H \cap I \cap J$

Type system

Type system

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P\{k^+/k\} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^+ : S}{\Gamma \Vdash \text{accept}_S(k)P \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (ACC-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P\{k^-/k\} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^- : S}{\Gamma \Vdash \text{request}_S(k)P \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (REQ-T)}$$

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$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^- : S_1 \cdot k^+ : S_2 \quad f : S_1 \dashv S_2}{\Gamma \Vdash (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle f \mid P) \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (CRES-T)}$$

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Theorem (Error freeness)

Let $\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta$ for some Γ and Δ and $P \xrightarrow{*} R$.

Then R does not contain any error.

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$$\times (\nu k)(k^+![e].R \mid \langle k \rangle \mathbf{1})$$

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$$(\nu k)(k^-![e].R \mid R' \mid \langle k \rangle \mathbf{1})$$

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unavoidable! Depends on \dashv asymmetry

→ -dependent deadlocks

\neg -dependent deadlocks

asymmetric compliance \Rightarrow more compatible processes

¬-dependent deadlocks

asymmetric compliance \Rightarrow more compatible processes

but

peculiar stuck states (blocking residual server's actions)

\neg -dependent deadlocks

asymmetric compliance \Rightarrow more compatible processes

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peculiar stuck states (blocking residual server's actions)

$$P = \text{request}_A(k)k![4].\text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}].$$

¬-dependent deadlocks

asymmetric compliance \Rightarrow more compatible processes

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$$P = \text{request}_A(k)k![4].\text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}].$$

$$A = ![\text{Nat}] \quad B = ![\text{Bool}]$$

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$$\begin{aligned} P &= \text{request}_A(k)k![4].\text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \\ Q &= \text{accept}_C(k)k?(x).k![x].\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y) \end{aligned}$$

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$$P \mid Q$$

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$$P \mid Q$$

$$\downarrow \text{ (since } \bullet.1 : A \neg C \text{)}$$

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \bullet.1 \mid k^-![4].\text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^+?(x).k^+![x].\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y))$$

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$$\downarrow$$

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid \text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^+![4]\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y))$$

¬-dependent deadlocks

asymmetric compliance \Rightarrow more compatible processes

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$$P \mid Q$$

\downarrow (since $\bullet.1 : A \dashv C$)

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \bullet.1 \mid k^{-}![4].\text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^{+}?(x).k^{+}![x].\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y))$$

\downarrow

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid \text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^{+}![4].\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y))$$

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$$P \mid Q$$

\downarrow (since $\bullet.1 : A \dashv C$)

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \bullet.1 \mid k^{-}![4].\text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^{+}?(x).k^{+}![x].\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y))$$

\downarrow

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle 1 \mid \text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^{+}![4].\text{accept}_D(k')k?(y))$$

$\not\downarrow$ **stuck!**

even if $\bullet.1 : B \dashv D$

Clean-up (abort) reductions

Clean-up (abort) reductions

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid \pi.R' \mid R) \rightarrow (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid R' \mid R)$$

where $\pi \in \{k^+![e], k^+?(x), k^+ \triangleleft l.\}$

Clean-up (abort) reductions

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↓

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$$\begin{aligned} & (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid \text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid k^+![4].\text{accept}_D(k')k'?(y)) \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid \text{request}_B(k')k'![\text{True}]. \mid \text{accept}_D(k')k'?(y)) \\ & \quad \downarrow \quad (\text{since } \bullet.\mathbf{1} : B \dashv D) \\ & (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid (\nu k')(\langle k' \rangle \bullet.\mathbf{1} \mid k'![\text{True}]. \mid k'?(y))) \end{aligned}$$

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Subject reduction and Error Freeness still hold

Clean-up (abort) reductions

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid \pi.R' \mid R) \rightarrow (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \mathbf{1} \mid R' \mid R)$$

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Subject reduction and Error Freeness still hold

obviously no \dashv -dependent deadlocks.

Non-determinism in orchestration

$$\text{BuyerType2} = \boxplus \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{belt} : ?[\text{Int}]. \oplus \{ \text{card} : \text{PAYcard}, \text{cash} : \text{PAYcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{bag} : ?[\text{Int}]. \oplus \{ \text{card} : \text{PAYcard}, \text{cash} : \text{PAYcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{hat} : ?[\text{Int}]. \oplus \{ \text{card} : \text{PAYcard}, \text{cash} : \text{PAYcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \end{array} \right\}$$
$$\text{SellerType2} = \& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{belt} : ![\text{Int}]. \& \{ \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{bag} : ![\text{Int}]. \& \{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{hat} : ![\text{Int}]. \& \{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \end{array} \right\}$$

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$$\text{SellerType2} = \&\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{belt} : ![\text{Int}]. \&\{ \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{bag} : ![\text{Int}]. \&\{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{hat} : ![\text{Int}]. \&\{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \end{array} \}$$

$$\text{BuyerType2} \dashv \text{SellerType2}$$

Non-determinism in orchestration

$$\text{BuyerType2} = \boxplus \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{belt} : ?[\text{Int}]. \oplus \{ \text{card} : \text{PAYcard}, \text{cash} : \text{PAYcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{bag} : ?[\text{Int}]. \oplus \{ \text{card} : \text{PAYcard}, \text{cash} : \text{PAYcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{hat} : ?[\text{Int}]. \oplus \{ \text{card} : \text{PAYcard}, \text{cash} : \text{PAYcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\text{SellerType2} = \& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{belt} : ![\text{Int}]. \& \{ \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{bag} : ![\text{Int}]. \& \{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \\ \text{hat} : ![\text{Int}]. \& \{ \text{card} : \text{GETcard}, \text{cash} : \text{GETcash}, \text{no} : \mathbf{1} \} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$f : \text{BuyerType2} \dashv \text{SellerType2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{f} = & \text{BAG} \bullet \bullet . (\text{CARD.g}_1 + \text{CASH.g}_2 + \text{NO}) \\ & \oplus \\ & \text{HAT} \bullet \bullet . (\text{CARD.g}_1 + \text{CASH.g}_2 + \text{NO}) \end{aligned}$$

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orchestration-non-determinism elimination:

- ▶ type level (*types defining priorities*)

Non-determinism in orchestration

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orchestration-non-determinism elimination:

► process level

Non-determinism in orchestration

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$$\text{Buyer2} = \dots k \triangleleft \langle \langle \text{BELT} : P_1, \text{HAT} : P_2, \text{BAG} : P_3 \rangle \rangle \dots$$

$$\text{request}_S(k)P \mid \text{accept}_{S'}(k)Q \rightarrow (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle f \mid P\{k^-/k\} \mid Q\{k^+/k\})$$

if $f = \text{SynthUD}(S, S') \neq \mathbf{fail}$

$$(\nu k)(\langle k \rangle \bigoplus_{i \in I} f_i \mid k \triangleleft \langle \langle l_1:P_1, \dots, l_n:P_n \rangle \rangle \mid k \triangleright \{l_j:Q_j\}_{j \in J}) \rightarrow (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle f_c \mid P_m \mid Q_c)$$

if $c \in I \cap J$, $1 \leq m \leq n$ and $l_c = l_m$, where $m = \min\{h \mid l_m \in \{l_i\}_{i \in I}\}$

Future work

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Thanks

$$\frac{\Delta \text{ completed}}{\Gamma \Vdash \mathbf{0} \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (INACT-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \quad \Gamma \Vdash Q \triangleright \Delta'}{\Gamma \Vdash P \mid Q \triangleright \Delta \cdot \Delta'} \text{ (CONC-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P\{k^+/k\} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^+ : S}{\Gamma \Vdash \text{accept}_S(k)P \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (ACC-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P\{k^-/k\} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^- : S}{\Gamma \Vdash \text{request}_S(k)P \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (REQ-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : G \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^P : S}{\Gamma \Vdash k^P?(x).P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^P : ?[G].S} \text{ (REC-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e : G \quad \Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^P : S}{\Gamma \Vdash k^P![e]..P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^P : ![G].S} \text{ (SEND-T)}$$

Figure: The type system 1/2.

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P\{k'^q/k'\} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : S_2 \cdot k'^q : S_1}{\Gamma \Vdash \text{catch } k^p(k').P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : ?[S_1^q].S_2} \text{ (CAT-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : S_2}{\Gamma \Vdash \text{throw } k^p[k'^q].P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : ![S_1^q].S_2 \cdot k'^q : S_1} \text{ (THR-T)}$$

$$\frac{\forall i \in I \supseteq J \quad \Gamma \Vdash P_i \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : S_i}{\Gamma \Vdash k^p \triangleright \{l_i : P_i\}_{i \in I} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : \&\{l_j : S_j\}_{j \in J}} \text{ (BR-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : S_j \quad j \in I}{\Gamma \Vdash k^p \triangleleft l_j..P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : \oplus\{l_i : S_i\}_{i \in I}} \text{ (SEL-T)}$$

$$\frac{\forall i \in I \quad \Gamma \Vdash P_i \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : S_i}{\Gamma \Vdash k^p \triangleleft [l_i : P_i]_{i \in I} \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^p : \boxplus\{l_i : S_i\}_{i \in I}} \text{ (SSEL-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \cdot k^- : S_1 \cdot k^+ : S_2 \quad f : S_1 \dashv S_2}{\Gamma \Vdash (\nu k)(\langle k \rangle f \mid P) \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (CRES-T)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Vdash P \triangleright \Delta \quad k^+, k^- \notin (\Delta)}{\Gamma \Vdash (\nu k)P \triangleright \Delta} \text{ (CRES'-T)}$$

Figure: The type system 2/2.

Definition (Orchestrators)

$f, g ::=$	$\mathbf{1}$	idle
	$\bullet.f$	I/O prefix
	$l.f$	selection prefix
	$l.f + l'.g \quad (l \neq l')$	external choice
	$l.f \oplus l'.g \quad (l \neq l')$	internal choice